



CALS

Centre for Applied Legal Studies

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Leliphepha libe umphumela ngenxa yomusa
nosizo oluvela ku
Foundation for Human Rights



FOUNDATION FOR HUMAN RIGHTS



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Housing & Evictions



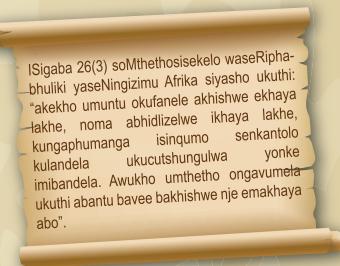
Izindlu Nokukhishwa Kwabantu

Ezindlini Abahlala

Kuzo

1. Kungabe uthini umthetho ngamalungelo omuntu ngezokuhlala?

Ngokwenjwayelo, umthetho uthi sonke sinelungelo lokuba nekhaya esihlala kulona, nanokuthi labo abangenayo indawo yokufihla ikhanda, uhlumeni kufanele enze amalungiselelo okuthi nabo balithokozele leli lungelo lokuba namakhaya. Lawa masu kahulume ni angathatha eside isikhathi, kodwa ekugcineni, kufanele enze isiqinisekiso sokuthi wonke umuntu uyalithokoza leli lungelo lokuba nekhaya.



Ngokuhambisana noMthetho oVimbela Uukhishwa Kwabantu kanjalo Nokuhlala Emhlabenji Ngokungeko Emthethweni we-1998, i- Prevention of Illegal Eviction From and Unlawful Occupation of Land Act of 1998 ('PIE'), umminimhlaba nomawubhekele angazigqala izinyathelo zokumkhipha ohlala ngokungeko emthethweni.

2. Kungabe umthetho uyabavikela abakhishwa ezindlini ngokungeko emthethweni?

UMthethosisekelo uthi angeke umuntu akhishwe endlini uma kungaphumanga inkantolo nanokuthi angeke ikhaya lomuntu libhidilizwe awogandaganda kungaphumanga sinquomo senkantolo. Lesi sinquomo senkantolo kufanele sikhishwe kuphela emveni kokuba inkantolo isicubungle zonke izimo; okumbandakanya izimo zomuntu okhishwa endlini.

UMthethosisekelo uthi futhi awukho umthetho ongavumela ukuthi kukhishwe umuntu endlini ngaphandle kwasinqumo senkantolo.

3. Ubani ongaxosha abantu endaweni yokuhlala?

Umthetho uthi umninindawo kuphela nomawumbeki ndawo ongaya enkantolo athi ufuna inkantolo imvumele ukuba asuse abantu abahlala kuleyo ndawo.

4. Luhanjisa kanjani ke lona uhielo lokukhishwa kwabantu endaweni?

Umthetho uyabavikela abantu ekuxoshweni endaweni kungaphumanga sinquomo senkantolo.

Umthetho uthi umninindawo nomawumbekindawo kufanele abhale isaziso asinikeze abantu afuna ukubaxosha endaweni abanike izinsuku ezi-14 phambi kokuthi udaba aluyise enkantolo. Isaziso kufanele sibe nale minining-wane elandelayo:

1. Kufanele shiso ukuthi umuntu nomawabantu abahlala kuleyo ndawo bayaswsa;
2. Kufanele shiso usuku nesikhathi okuzoyiwa ngaso enkantolo maqondana nalolu daba;
3. Kufanele sinikeze izizathu zokukhishwa komuntu nomawabantu endaweni; futhi
4. Kufanele shiso ukuthi umuntu nomawabantu abasuswayo kuleyo ndawo bangathola usizo Iwezomthetho ukuphikisa inyathelo lokubusa. Kufanele sibuye simtshele umuntu nomawabantu abasuswayo kuleyo ndawo ukuthi banelungelo lokuthola usizo Iwezomthetho.

iSigaba 4
soMthetho i- PIE

5. Yiwaphi amaphuzu abukwa inkantolo umazokhipha isinqumo ngokususwa kwabantu endaweni?

Siqaba 26(3) soMthethosisekelo waseRiphabuliki yaseNingizimu Afrika siyasho ukuthi: "akeko umuntu okufanele akhishwe ekhaya lakhe, nomabhidizwelwe ikhaya lakhe, kungaphumanga isinqumo senkantolo kulandela ukucutshungula yonke imbandela. Awukho umthetho ongavumela ukuthi abantu bavee bakhishwe nje emakhaya abo".

6. Ngingaya kuphi ukuthola usizo Iwezomthetho?

Ziningi izinhlangano ezingasiza umuntu nomawumphakathi mahlala ukuba baphikise ukususwa endaweni. Izikhungo zempfundephakeme ezelukahlukene zinawo umnyango wezomthetho ongasiza kulothu. Ezinye izinhlangano, ezifana no-CALS, LRC no-SERI nazozingasiza.

7. Kungabe izinkantolo sezike zathatha isinqumo ezinjani phambilini mayelana nokususwa kwabantu ezindaweni abahlala kuzo?

Ziningi izindaba ezilethwe ezithebeni senkantolo ngoba abantu bengenayo imali yokukhkhela izidingo-ngqangi njengezindlu, amanzi, izindlu zangasese, kanye nokuya esibhledela ukuyokwenza ukuhlinzwa okubizayo. Uma izinkantolo zithatha isinqumo ngodaba, ziye zikhipe izizathu zakuthi kungani kuyisinqumo esifanele ukususwa kwabantu endaweni. Sonke kufanele sizamukele lezi sinquomo ngoba, kuyenzeka kwenye inkathi uma kuwudaba oluphakathi kwakho no Zwane ngenxa yokuthi uZwane ekuntshontshele izicathulo, uma inkantolo inquma ukuthi u-Zwane kufanele ukuthi akubuyisele izicathulo zakho, inkantolo izozibhala izizathu ezenze ifinyelele kuleso sinquomo. Ngakho-ke, uma u-Mofokeng entshontsha izicathulo zika-Xolani, siyazi ukuthi uma entshontsha njengoba no Zwane wathatha izicathulo zakho, inkantolo izothi akazibuyisele kuXolani isebeenzisa izizathu ezifanayo. Lokhu kubizwa nge-precedent, okusho ukuthi kuye kusetshenziswe izizathu ezinikezwu inkantolo ngesinqumo esithathile ukule lokho kusize ekuthathweni kwasinqumo secala elithi alifane nalo esikhathini esizayo

Umthetho ophathelene nokukhishwa kwabantu ezindaweni usuthuthuke ezinkantolo wakhlwana umlandu yilawa macala alandelayo:

Ngowezi-2000, odabeni olwalubizwa nge-Government of the Republic of South Africa v Grootboom and Others, iNkantolo yoMthethosisekelo, okuyiNkantolo ephakeme kunazo zonke ezweni, yathi isu likaHulumeni lokuhlinzeka umphakathi ngezindlu kudinga libhekeli izidingo zomphakathi. Futhi, inkantolo yathi uHulumeni kufanele abe nesu eliqotho ukubhekana nodaba Iwezindlu futhi kufanele uthathe izinkinga zezindlu ngendlela yokuthi angakukhohlwa ukwahlu kumphakathi, ukwahlu kubantu ngokwezimali nokwahlu ngokomlandu wethu.

Ngowezi-2008, iNkantolo yoMthethosisekelo odabeni Iwase-Olivia Road yakubeka kwacaca ukuthi kufanele kubo khona 'ukubonisanwa okunom-qondo' phakathi kukahulumeni nomphakathi otintwa yilokho kususwa endaweni. Lokhu kusho ukuthi umphakathi nohulumeni (umasipala) kufanele bakhulumisane, badingide okungayizaxululo bathole isu elisebenzayo. Inkantolo ithe umasipala kufanele uthintane nomphakathi ukule uqonde izimo zabantu ngokwezimali nangokwendlela yokuphila. Inkantolo yabuye yathi uhulumeni kufanele athole indlela yokuhlinzeka umphakathi ngenye indawo, futhi akwenwene loko esebeenzisa imithombo anayo.

Ngowezi-2009, iNkantolo yoMthethosisekelo odabeni yi-Residents of Joe Slovo yathi uma uhulumeni ekhipha abantu, inkantolo kufanele ibheke ukule ibone ukuthi uhulumeni wayefanele yini uma eqala lelo nyathelo lokususa abantu.

Ngowezi-2011, kwaba khona udaba olusemqoka IwaseNkantolo Yomthethosisekelo oluphathelene nokuxoshwa kwabantu endaweni. Lolu daba kwakuthiwa yi- City of Johannesburg v Blue Moonlight Properties. Kulolu daba iNkantolo yoMthethosisekelo yathi isu lezindlu laseDolobhakazini laseGoli (umasipala) lalingahambisani nonmthethosisekelo ngoba alibabekelanga abantu ababhlekene nokukhishwa ezindaweni zabo ngohlelo oluphuthumayo Iwezindawo zesikhishana. Inkantolo ibuye yathi iDolobhakazi laseGoli (umasipala) linesibopho sangokomthethosisekelo sokuhlinzeka abantu abakhishwa ezindaweni zokuhlala ngezindawo zesikhishana. Leli kubo yizwi lokugcina elikhishwe iNkantolo yoMthethosisekelo maqondana nokukhishwa kwabantu ezindaweni zabo.

8. Uma sesiphumile isinqumo senkantolo sokuthi ngisuswe endaweni ngingayaphi?

Umasipala unesibopho sokuhlinzeka indawo yokuhlala yesikhishana. Abantu abangenayo indawo la bezoya khona akufanele bakhishwe kuze kubo iDolobhakazi (umasipala) sekebahlinzekile ngendawo yesikhishana yokuhlala.

9. Zindawo zini ezihlinzekwe yiDolobhakazi laseGoli (umasipala) ukuthi lihlalise kuzo abantu okwesikhishana?

Umaisigalile inkambiso yokuthi abantu basuswe endaweni, umuntu nomawabuttinga indawo yesikhishana kuhulumeni bese beyobhalisela iPhetheji Eluliwe Yomphakathi. Kuya ngezidindo zomuntu, umuntu anganikwezwa indawo eflethini lapho ezokhokha khona irenti kuya ngokuthi imalinai akwazi ukuyikhokha. Uma umuntu engezukwazi ukurenta, anganika indawo kwi-shelter.

10. Uma nginganikezwanga incwadi yenkantolo kepha ngikhishwe ngesankahlu nomawabantu okwesikhishana, ngingenze njani?

Kuyaphambana nomthetho ukucekelwa phansi kwekhaya lomuntu nomawabantu umuntu anqatshelwe ukungena ekhaya lakhe kungaphumanga sinquomo senkantolo. Uma lokhu kwenzeka, umuntu nomawabantu abathintekayo kumele bathole ummeli ukuthi bayise udaba enkantolo ngokuphuthumayo ukule babuyiselwe amakhaya abo. Kubaluleke kakhlulu ukuthi umuntu athole ummeli emveni kwamahora ambalwa nje ikhaya lakhe licekelwe phansi nomawabantu kokuthi enqatshelwe ukuthi angene ekhaya lakhe.



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